

#### Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Revision date: 10/01/2020 Supersedes: 05/12/2018 Version: 4.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Eni Arnica 15

Product code : 7983

Type of product : Lubricants

Formula : 0004-2013

Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Used in closed systems

Use of the substance/mixture : Hydraulic oil

Functional fluids

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Hydraulic fluids and additives, Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ENI S.p.A.

P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 Rome Italy

Phone: (+39) 06 59821

www.eni.com

Contact:

Refining & Marketing

Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):

National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Aspiration into lungs can cause a chemical pneumonia. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

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#### **Label elements**

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



CLP Signal word

: Danger Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light

Hazardous ingredients and/or with relevant occupational exposure limits

Hazard statements (CLP)

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to according to national or local regulations.

#### Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### **Substances**

Not applicable

#### **Mixtures** 3.2.

Notes

: Composition/Information on ingredients:

Mixture of hydrocarbons

Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	(CAS-No.) 64741-89-5 (EC-No.) 265-091-3 (EC Index-No.) 649-455-00-2 (REACH-no) 01-2119487067-30	80 - 90	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	(CAS-No.) 64742-55-8 (EC-No.) 265-158-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-468-00-3 (REACH-no) 01-2119487077-29	10 - 15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (Additive)	(CAS-No.) 128-39-2 (EC-No.) 204-884-0 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119490822-33	0,1 - 0,2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Notes : Note [\*]:

> this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346/92. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Note [\*\*]:

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

First-aid measures general

: In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs. In case of doubt or persistent symptoms, consult always a physician.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

: Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration

: No information available.

Chronic symptoms

: None known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. In case of ingestion, always assume that aspiration has occurred. Send the casualty immediately to hospital. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard

: In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ of air.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases). Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx. ZnOx. CaOx.

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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Shut off source of product, if possible. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.

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Other information

: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: See Section 8.

**Emergency procedures** 

: Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

**Emergency procedures** 

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Handling temperature

: This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.

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Hygiene measures

: Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products

: Keep away from: strong oxidants.

Storage temperature

: This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

Storage area

Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers:

: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials

For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product.

Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Distillates (petroleum),	solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)						
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Hungary	AK-érték	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					

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Distillates (petroleum), solve	ent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)						
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TW	A) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Distillates (petroleum) hydro	otreated light para	nffinic (64742-55-8)						
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Belgium	Limit value (mg/ı	m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Denmark	Grænseværdi (la	angvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Denmark	Grænseværdi (k	ortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Hungary	AK-érték		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (m	ng/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)		10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde	(NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (K7	TV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/r	n³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/	m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)		10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-T\		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-S		10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TV	/A) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ST	EL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TW	A) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)					
Monitoring methods								
Monitoring methods			sen according to the indications set by national or relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice					
Eni Arnica 15								
DNEL/DMEL (additional inform	mation)							
Additional information		Not applicable						
PNEC (additional information)								
Additional information		Not applicable						
Distillates (petroleum), solve	ent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)						
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)								
Long-term - systemic effects,		5,4 mg/m³ (Aerosol)						
PNEC (additional information)								
Additional information		Not derived - Not classified as hazardo	ous for environment					
Distillates (petroleum) hydro	otreated light para	affinic (64742-55-8)						
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)								
Long-term - systemic effects,		220 mg/kg bodyweight/day						
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation 160 mg/m³/day								

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Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light pa	raffinic (64742-55-8)
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	40 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	35 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	92 mg/kg bodyweight/day
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	11,25 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	70,61 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	6,75 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	20,9 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	6,75 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0,7 μg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0,07 μg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	4,5 μg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	0,317 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0,0317 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	697 μg/kg
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	60 mg/kg food
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
Note	: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from

Note

The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute shortterm exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

#### Respiratory protection:

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Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols (P). In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with a filter for organic vapours (A), and H2S (B) where applicable. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):













#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Liquid, bright & clear.

Molecular mass : Not applicable for mixtures

Colour : Yellow-brown.

Odour : Slight odour of petroleum.

Odour threshold : There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

pH : Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.

Melting point : -45 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)

Freezing point : Not applicable

Boiling point : No data available

Flash point : 188 °C (ASTM D 92)

Critical temperature : Not applicable for mixtures

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Vapour pressure : No data available

Critical pressure : Not applicable for mixtures

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Density : 852 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Viscosity, kinematic : 15 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

 Explosive properties
 : None (according to composition).

 Oxidising properties
 : None (according to composition).

 Explosive limits
 : LEL ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)

9.2. Other information

Additional information : No data available

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According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### 10.2. **Chemical stability**

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### **Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

#### 10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates: Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

м	1	.1.	In	tormat	ion on	tovico	Calca	effects
	-			ıvınıaı		LUXICU	louica	i ciiecto

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information	: (according to composition)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refine	ed light paraffinic (64741-89-5)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated I	ight paraffinic (64742-55-8)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rat	1000 - 33000 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rabbit	0,5 ml/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
	pH: Not applicable.
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
	pH: Not applicable.
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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ccording to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015	( ) II )
Additional information	: (according to composition) This product contains: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).], Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreate light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346/92. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	paraffinic (64741-89-5)
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light pa	raffinic (64742-55-8)
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
NOAEL (subacute, oral, animal/male, 28 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight (100 mg / d)
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Additional information	: For all low-viscosity petroleum products (less than 20,5 mm2/s at 40 °C), there is the risk of aspiration into the lungs. This may occur directly after ingestion, or subsequently in case of vomiting (spontaneous or induced). In this case there is the possibility of an inflamation of the lung tissues (chemical pneumonia). This is a serious condition requiring medical treatment. Aspiration into lungs can cause a chemical pneumonia
Eni Arnica 15	
Viscosity, kinematic	15 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Aspiration into lungs can cause a chemical pneumonia. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist.
Other information	: None.
<b>SECTION 12: Ecological information</b>	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse
	effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - air	produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid
Ecology - air Ecology - water	<ul> <li>produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product</li> </ul>
-	<ul> <li>produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.</li> <li>This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The</li> </ul>
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-	<ul> <li>produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.</li> <li>This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)</li> </ul>
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-	<ul> <li>produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.</li> <li>This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> </ul>
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)  Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light  LC50 fish 1	produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.  : This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.  : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)  : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)  paraffinic (64741-89-5)  > 100 mg/l (LL 50)
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)  Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	<ul> <li>produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> <li>This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.</li> <li>This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> </ul> Paraffinic (64741-89-5)
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)  Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light  LC50 fish 1  EC50 Daphnia 1  Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light pa	produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.  : This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.  : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)  : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)  paraffinic (64741-89-5)  > 100 mg/l (LL 50)  > 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)  raffinic (64742-55-8)
Ecology - water  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)  Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)  Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light  LC50 fish 1  EC50 Daphnia 1	produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.  : This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.  : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)  : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)  paraffinic (64741-89-5)  > 100 mg/l (LL 50)  > 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

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ccording to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015						
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light para	affinic (64742-55-8)					
EC50 72h algae (1)	100 mg/l (EL0, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)					
NOEC (chronic)	10 - 1000 mg/l (NOELR, Daphnia Magna)					
NOEC chronic algae	100 mg/l (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)					
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)						
LC50 fish 1	1,4 mg/l					
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	0,45 mg/l					
EC50 96h algae (1)	1,2 - 3,9 mg/l					
NOEC chronic crustacea	0,035 mg/l (21d)					
12.2. Persistence and degradability						
Eni Arnica 15						
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	paraffinic (64741-89-5)					
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.					
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)					
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light para	affinic (64742-55-8)					
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.					
Biodegradation < 60 % (28d)						
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)						
Biodegradation	24 % (Zahn-Wellens, 10-20 %)					
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential						
Eni Arnica 15						
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures					
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures					
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.					
·						
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.					
·	1 11					
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light para						
Log Kow	<1					
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)						
Log Kow	4,5 (0.1 d, 10-20 %)					
12.4. Mobility in soil						
Eni Arnica 15						
Ecology - soil	No data available.					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	paraffinic (64741-89-5)					
Ecology - soil	This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.					
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessmen	t					
Eni Arnica 15						
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT of	criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII					
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB	<u> </u>					
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)					
Component						
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)					

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Component			
Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)		
12.6. Other adverse effects			
Other adverse effects	: None.		
Additional information	<ul> <li>This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.</li> </ul>		

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

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Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes

safelv.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply

industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has

takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information : Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC) : 13 02 05\* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADN / ADR / IATA / IMDG / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID			
14.1. UN number							
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated			
14.2. UN proper shipping name							
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated Not regulated		Not regulated			
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)						
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated			
14.4. Packing group							
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated			
14.5. Environmental ha	zards						
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated			
		None.					

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### - Overland transport

Not regulated

#### - Transport by sea

Not regulated

#### - Air transport

Not regulated

#### - Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

#### - Rail transport

Not regulated

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

IBC code : Not applicable.

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### Safety Data Sheet

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#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3(b) Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	Eni Arnica 15 - 2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol - Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic - Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light paraffinic
3(c) Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1	2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) -Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directives 75/439/CEE - 87/101/CEE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F) : RG 36 - Affections provoquées par les huiles et graisses d'origine minérale ou de synthèse

Germany

Reference to AwSV : Water hazard class (WGK) (D) 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to

AwSV, Annex 1)

WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Storage class (LGK) (D) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids

Employment restrictions : Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to

§ 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV

ing the Federal : Is not subject of the 12. BlmSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

Other information, restrictions and prohibition

regulations

: TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure TRGS 500: Protective measures

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures
TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits

**Netherlands** 

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

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NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting

giftige stoffen - Borstvoeding

: None of the components are listed : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting

giftige stoffen - Vruchtbaarheid

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen - Ontwikkeling

: None of the components are listed

**Denmark** 

**Danish National Regulations** : Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

#### **Chemical safety assessment**

For this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been not carried out

#### A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light paraffinic

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes:

Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	Modified	
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	
4.1	First-aid measures after skin contact	Modified	
4.1	First-aid measures after eye contact	Modified	
5.3	Firefighting instructions	Modified	
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified	
7.1	Hygiene measures	Modified	
8.1	DNEL/DMEL and PNEC values	Added	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Modified	
11.1	Additional information	Modified	
11.1	Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	Modified	
15.1	Other information, restrictions and prohibition regulations	Modified	
15.1	REACH Annex XVII	Modified	
16	Indication of changes	Added	

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

Abbieviations a	ild actionyms.
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic

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PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

•			 	` '	•	-
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Calculation method				

#### SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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### 8. 08: Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils

#### 8.1. Title section

### Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils

ES Ref.: 08
ES Type: Industrial
Version: 2.0
Revision date: 17/05/2018

Company ES code: ENI
Association ref code: CONC.13.FU.7
Date of issue: 23/10/2018

Environment		
Gen08	General measures applicable to all activities	ERC4, ESVOC SPERC 4.7a.v1
Worker		
CS15	General exposures (closed systems)	PROC1, PROC2
CS15	General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collection	PROC3
CS16	General exposures (open systems)	PROC4
CS14	Bulk transfers	PROC8b
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC8b
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC5
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC9
CS2	Process sampling	PROC3
CS79	Mixing operations (open systems)	PROC17
CS35	Treatment by dipping and pouring	PROC13
CS10	Spraying	PROC7
CS34	Roller application or brushing	PROC10
CS80	Automated metal rolling/forming	PROC2
CS83	Semi-automated metal rolling/forming	PROC17
CS83	Semi-automated metal rolling/forming	PROC4
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8b
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8a
CS67	Storage	PROC1, PROC2

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils within closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cutting/machining activities, automated application of corrosion protections, equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.  Industrial use
Assessment method	See Section 3.

### 8.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 8.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: General measures applicable to all activities (ERC4, ESVOC SPERC 4.7a.v1)

ERC4	Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ESVOC SPERC 4.7a.v1	Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils: Industrial (SU3)
Assessment method	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated A quantitative exposure assessment (RCR) was performed for the potential formation of aerosols for all scenarios. The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	liquid, with potential for aerosol generation
Concentration of substance in product	100 %
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 hPa

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	2.5
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	2.5
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	130
Continuous release.	

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	:	20	
Technical and organisation	onal conditions and measur	res	
	sposure is driven by freshwate		
	solved substance to or recove		+
		nsite wastewater treatment required.	
	de a typical removal efficiency	· ·	70 %
Treat onsite wastewater (pr		rge) to provide the required removal	>= 15.7 %
efficiency:		de the manufactor of a section of a	0.07
removal efficiency of:	sewage treatment plant, provi	de the required onsite wastewater	>= 0 %
	ross sites thus conservative p	process release estimates used.	
Do not apply industrial slud	lge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerate	ed, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and measures	s related to sewage treatme	nt plant	
Not applicable as there is n			
Estimated substance remov	val from wastewater via	86.5 %	
domestic sewage treatmen			
Total efficiency of removal onsite and offsite (domestic		86.5 %	
Maximum allowable site tor	nnage (MSafe) based on	780 kg/day	
release following total wast	tewater treatment removal:		
Assumed domestic sewage		2000 m³/d	
		ste (including article waste)	
External treatment and disp comply with applicable local			
regulations.	arana, or mational		
External recovery and recy	cling of waste should		
comply with applicable loca regulations.	al and/or national		
	g environmental exposure		
Local freshwater dilution fa	<u> </u>	10	
Local marine water dilution		100	
2. Control of worker eve	activat Canaral avnactivas (	closed systems) (PROC1_PROC3)	
		closed systems) (PROC1, PROC2)	
PROC1	Use in closed process, no	likelihood of exposure (no sampling)	posure (with sampling)
PROC1 PROC2	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp	posure (with sampling)
PROC1 PROC2 Amount used (or contained)	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp ad duration of use/exposure	posure (with sampling)
PROC1 PROC2	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp	posure (with sampling)
PROC1 PROC2 Amount used (or contained Exposure duration	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp ad duration of use/exposure	oosure (with sampling)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp  d duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp nd duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp  d duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exp  d duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta	process with occasional controlled expand duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to  Other conditions affecting Indoor  Assumes activities are at a	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s	process with occasional controlled expand duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely	
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to  Other conditions affecting Indoor  Assumes activities are at a	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures (	blikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure d duration of use/exposure at 8 h/day tion, hygiene and health evaluation act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to Other conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a  2.3. Control of worker exponence	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce	ikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  at duration of use/exposure  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with sample)	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to Other conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a  2.3. Control of worker export PROC3  Amount used (or contained)	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce	blikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure    ≈ 8 h/day   tion, hygiene and health evaluation   act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely   tisted differently)   closed systems) + with sample colletes (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to Other conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.3. Control of worker expenses Control of Worker	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  at duration of use/exposure  at h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  tated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same  d duration of use/exposure  ≈ 8 h/day	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker expenses PROC3  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar	blikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure    ≈ 8 h/day   tion, hygiene and health evaluation   act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely   tisted differently)   closed systems) + with sample colletes (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker exposure duration  Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker exposure duration  Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures  Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker exposure duration  Exposure duration  Conditions and measures  Without LEV	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occ	likelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.3. Control of worker expenses PROC3  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to Other conditions affecting Indoor	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occ g workers exposure	blikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.3. Control of worker expenses PROC3  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to Other conditions affecting Indoor	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occ	blikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ess (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker expension Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a conditions affecting Indoor	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occ g workers exposure	ikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  at duration of use/exposure  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colletes (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure)  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  cur	ction (PROC3)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a control of worker expension Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a conditions affecting Indoor	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occ g workers exposure  mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures (	ikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  at duration of use/exposure  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  stated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colletes (synthesis or formulation) (with same and duration of use/exposure)  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  cur	ction (PROC3) pling)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.3. Control of worker expension Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.4. Control of worker expension PROC4	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occur g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in batch and other pro-	ikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  at duration of use/exposure  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  tated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  ass (synthesis or formulation) (with same  and duration of use/exposure  at 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  cur  attated differently)  copen systems) (PROC4)  cocess (synthesis) where opportunity for	ction (PROC3) pling)
PROC1 PROC2  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration)  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.3. Control of worker expension Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions and measures Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to the Conditions affecting Indoor Assumes activities are at a 2.4. Control of worker expension PROC4	Use in closed process, no Use in closed, continuous ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to emission points when conta g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in closed batch proce ed in articles), frequency ar s related to personal protec to points where emissions occur g workers exposure mbient temperature (unless s osure: General exposures ( Use in batch and other pro-	ikelihood of exposure (no sampling) process with occasional controlled exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  act with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely  tated differently)  closed systems) + with sample colle  as (synthesis or formulation) (with sample duration of use/exposure  a 8 h/day  tion, hygiene and health evaluation  cur	ction (PROC3) pling)

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Conditions and measures	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV	elated to personal protection, myglene and nearth evaluation		
· ·	e under containment or extract ventilation		
	points where emissions occur		
Wear suitable gloves tested	.0 EN3/4.		
Other conditions affecting	workers exposure		
Indoor			
Assumes activities are at am	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
3.2.5. Control of worker expos	sure: Bulk transfers (PROC8b)		
PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from	to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
Amount used (or contained	d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration	> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measures	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Operate activity away from s	ources of substance emission or release		
	e under containment or extract ventilation		
Wear suitable gloves tested			
Avoid splashing			
Clear transfer lines prior to d	e-coupling		
Transfer via enclosed lines			
Other conditions affecting	workers exposure		
Indoor	workers exposure		
	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
		(DD COOL)	
	sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containe		
PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from	to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
	Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration	Exposure duration < 1 h/day		
Conditions and measures	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV			
Transfer via enclosed lines			
Use drum pumps or carefully	pour from container		
Wear chemically resistant glo	oves (tested to EN374).		
Personal protective equipme	nt (PPE)		
Other conditions affecting	workers exposure		
Other conditions affecting Indoor	workers exposure		
Indoor	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am	bient temperature (unless stated differently)	ers. (PROC5)	
Indoor Assumes activities are at am	bient temperature (unless stated differently) sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expos	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expos	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparati		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expos	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expos PROC5 Amount used (or contained Exposure duration	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure  > 4 h/day		
Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5 Amount used (or contained Exposure duration Conditions and measures Without LEV	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure  > 4 h/day		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5 Amount used (or contained Exposure duration Conditions and measures of Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Assumes activities are at am  3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of contained	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of good used the control of the contro	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of good used the control of the contro	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of good used to the control of the con	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)  pour from container  oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee		
Assumes activities are at am  3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of good Use drum pumps or carefully Wear chemically resistant glotraining.	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)  pour from container  oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures of Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of contained Use drum pumps or carefully Wear chemically resistant glottraining.  Other conditions affecting Indoor	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day  related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)  pour from container  oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee		
Indoor Assumes activities are at am 3.2.7. Control of worker expose PROC5  Amount used (or contained Exposure duration  Conditions and measures of Without LEV Transfer via enclosed lines Provide a good standard of good Use drum pumps or carefully Wear chemically resistant glottraining.  Other conditions affecting Indoor Operation is carried out at elements.	bient temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparatic contact)  d in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure    > 4 h/day   related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)  repour from container  oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee  workers exposure	ons and articles (multistage and/or significant	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic CAS: 64741-89-5 Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Covers exposure up to (hours/event): Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Without LEV Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Personal protective equipment (PPE) Other conditions affecting workers exposure Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently) 8.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Process sampling (PROC3) Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (with sampling) Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Exposure duration > 4 h/day Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Without LEV Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation Avoid dip sampling. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Other conditions affecting workers exposure Indoor Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently) 8.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Mixing operations (open systems) (PROC17) PROC17 Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently) Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation With LEV Efficiency of at least: 90 % Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour) Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings Other conditions affecting workers exposure Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently) 8.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Treatment by dipping and pouring (PROC13) Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently) Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Without LEV Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Allow time for product to drain from workpiece Automate activity where possible Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Avoid manual contact with wet work pieces Other conditions affecting workers exposure

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Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

CAS: 64741-89-5			
8.2.12. Control of worker exposure: Spraying (PROC7)			
PROC7 Industrial spraying			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated			
differently)			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evalu	ation		
With LEV	1000		
Efficiency of at least:  Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)	90 %		
Automate activity where possible	)		
Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extraction or equipment and extraction or extraction or extraction or extraction or extraction or extraction or e	v <del>t</del>		
ventilation at openings			
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374). Wear suitable coveralls to prevent			
exposure to the skin. Wear suitable face shield. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 Type A/P2 filter or better	with		
Other conditions affecting workers exposure			
Indoor			
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)			
Spraying (automatic/robotic)			
8.2.13. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10)			
PROC10 Roller application or brushing			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Covers exposure up to (hours/event): > 4 h/day			
Conditions and massures related to personal protection, business and health evalu	ation		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evalu Without LEV	ation		
	A		
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)	)		
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.			
Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible.			
Other conditions affecting workers exposure			
Indoor			
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)			
1			
8.2.14. Control of worker exposure: Automated metal rolling/forming (PROC2)			
PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional control	led exposure (with sampling)		
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated			
differently)			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evalu	ation		
With LEV			
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur			
Enclosed machinery, operator remote from spray head			
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
Personal protective equipment (PPE)			
Other conditions affecting workers exposure			
Indoor Assessment of the test	400.00		
Assumes activities reflect a hot process	≈ 120 °C		
8.2.15. Control of worker exposure: Semi-automated metal rolling/forming (PROC17)			
PROC17 Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open pr	rocess		
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evalu	ation		
With LEV			
Efficiency of at least:	90 %		
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur			
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	1		
Restrict area of openings to equipment			

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8.2.19. Control of worker exposure: Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

PROC1

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic CAS: 64741-89-5 Segregate the activity away from other operations Other conditions affecting workers exposure Indoor Assumes activities reflect a hot process ≈ 120 °C 8.2.16. Control of worker exposure: Semi-automated metal rolling/forming (PROC4) PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Exposure duration Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Other conditions affecting workers exposure Indoor Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently) 8.2.17. Control of worker exposure: Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8b) PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Covers exposure up to (hours/event): Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air assumed to equate to same as LEV Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle Deal with spills immediately Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Other conditions affecting workers exposure Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently) 8.2.18. Control of worker exposure: Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a) PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Covers exposure up to (hours/event): > 4 h/day Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air assumed to equate to same as LEV Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle Deal with spills immediately Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Other conditions affecting workers exposure Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

ose in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (with sampling)		
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated	

Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)

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#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Outdoor use.	
Store substance within a closed system	
Transfer via enclosed lines	
Avoid dip sampling.	

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor	
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)	
Covers outdoor use.	

## 8.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 8.3.1. Environmental release and exposure General measures applicable to all activities (ERC4, ESVOC SPERC 4.7a.v1)

#### Information for contributing exposure scenario

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated, The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

Release route	Release rate	Release estimation method
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements):	0.02	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.000001	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions	0.09	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewater emissions	0.14	

#### 8.3.2. Worker exposure General exposures (closed systems) (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.093	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.093	

#### 8.3.3. Worker exposure General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collection (PROC3)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.185	
systemic effects			

#### 8.3.4. Worker exposure General exposures (open systems) (PROC4)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 8.3.5. Worker exposure Bulk transfers (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 8.3.6. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 8.3.7. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC5)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.

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Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	
8.3.8. Worker exposure Filling / p	reparation of equipment from	drums or containers. (PROC	9)
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	
8.3.9. Worker exposure Process			
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	
8.3.10. Worker exposure Mixing of		ROC17)	
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	
8.3.11. Worker exposure Treatme	nt by dipping and pouring (Pl	ROC13)	
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	
8.3.12. Worker exposure Spraying	- ,		
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	
8.3.13. Worker exposure Roller a		·	
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	
8.3.14. Worker exposure Automa		· ·	
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.5 mg/m³	0.093	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.093	
8.3.15. Worker exposure Semi-au			
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	
8.3.16. Worker exposure Semi-au			
Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

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#### 8.3.17. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.037	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.037	
systemic effects			

#### 8.3.18. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 8.3.19. Worker exposure Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.093	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.093	

#### 8.4. Guidance to Downstream User (DU) to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 8.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC
	factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

#### 8.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health

The risk phrase H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) refers to the possibility of inhalation, a risk not quantifiable determined by the physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that may 'occur during ingestion and Even in the case of vomiting after ingestion. A DNEL can not be derived. Risks from physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures must be taken to control the risk of inhalation. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. EXPOSURE SCENARIOS

All exposure scenarios for this substance did not require a quantitative assessment of exposure, but only a qualitative one.

Considering the specific hazard properties (H304), the implementation of the relevant risk reduction measures ensures that the possibility of the event connected to the hazard of aspiration is negligible, and risk can be assumed as controlled.

#### Workers:

- Do not ingest
- Implement basic standard of occupation hygiene
- Avoid splashes and spills
- Avoid contact with contaminated objects and tools
- Management/supervision actions to check that the Risk Reduction Measures in place are being used correctly and Operating Conditions are followed.
- Training for staff on good practices
- Good standard of personal hygiene

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### 17. 17: Use as Functional Fluids

### 17.1. Title section

#### **Use as Functional Fluids**

ES Ref.: 17
ES Type: Industrial
Version: 2.0
Revision date: 17/05/2018

Company ES code: ENI Association ref code: CONC.22.FU.23 Date of issue: 23/10/2018

Environment		
Gen17	Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure	ERC7, ESVOC SPERC 7.13a.v1
Worker		
CS14	Bulk transfers	PROC1, PROC2, PROC3
CS8	Drum/batch transfers	PROC8b
CS84	Filling of articles/equipment	PROC9
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC8a
CS15	General exposures (closed systems)	PROC2
CS16	General exposures (open systems)	PROC4
CS16	General exposures (open systems)	PROC4
CS19	Remanufacture of reject articles	PROC9
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8a
CS67	Storage	PROC1, PROC2

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in closed industrial equipment including incidental exposures during maintenance and related material transfers  Industrial use
Assessment method	See Section 3.

#### 17.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 17.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure (ERC7, ESVOC SPERC 7.13a.v1)

ERC7	Use of functional fluid at industrial site
ESVOC SPERC 7.13a.v1	Use as Functional Fluids: Industrial (SU3)
Assessment method	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated A quantitative exposure assessment (RCR) was performed for the potential formation of aerosols for all scenarios. The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	liquid
Concentration of substance in product	>= 100 %
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 hPa

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	630
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0.016
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	10
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	500
Emission Days (days/year):	20
Continuous release.	

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of:	0 %
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency:	17.4 %
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of:	0 %
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewate	r.
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domestic sewage treatment:	from wastewater via	86.5		
		86.5		
		3100 kg/day		
release following total wastew Assumed domestic sewage tree		2000 m³/d		
Conditions and measures re				
External treatment and dispos		te (including article waste)		
comply with applicable local a regulations.	ind/or national			
External recovery and recyclir comply with applicable local a regulations.				
Other conditions affecting e	environmental exposure			
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10		
Local marine water dilution fac	ctor:	100		
17.2.2. Control of worker expos	sure: Bulk transfers (PRO	C1, PROC2, PROC3)		
PROC1		likelihood of exposure (no sampling)		
PROC2	·	process with occasional controlled expos	sure (with sampling)	
PROC3		ss (synthesis or formulation) (with sample		
Amount used (or contained	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Exposure duration	in articles), frequency all	> 4 h/day		
	-1-1-11-	•		
	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV				
Transfer via enclosed lines				
Clear lines prior to de-coupling				
Wear suitable gloves tested to		at vantilation		
Ensure material transfers are	under containment of extra	ct ventilation		
Other conditions affecting w	vorkers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities are at amb	pient temperature (unless st	ated differently)		
17.2.3. Control of worker expos	sure: Drum/batch transfer	rs (PROC8b)		
PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities				
Amount used (or contained	Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Exposure duration		> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measures re	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Operate activity away from so	ources of substance emission	on or release. Use drum pumps or		
carefully pour from container		· ·		
Avoid spillage when withdrawi	ing pump			
Other conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities are at amb	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)			
7.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Filling of articles/equipment (PROC9)				
PROC9	PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Amount used (or contained	in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration	, , ,	> 4 h/day		
·	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV	olulou to personal protect	, nygiono ana neatti evaluation		
Transfer via enclosed lines				
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Other conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.  Assumes activities are at ambient temperature or carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C				
above ambient temperature)	Dent temperature or carried	out at elevated temperature (> 20°C		

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17.2.5. Control of worker ex	posure: Filling / preparation	of equipment from drums or contained	ers. (PROC8a)	
PROC8a	Transfer of substance or p facilities	oreparation (charging/discharging) from/to	o vessels/large containers at non dedicated	
Amount used (or contain	Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Exposure duration		<= 4 h/day		
Conditions and measure	s related to personal protect	tion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV				
training.		ombination with 'basic' employee		
Avoid spillage when withdr				
Use drum pumps or carefu	* *			
Ensure operatives are train	ned to minimise exposures			
Other conditions affecting	g workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.		1 100		
Assumes activities are at a	ambient temperature (unless s	tated differently)		
	posure: General exposures			
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous	process with occasional controlled expo	sure (with sampling)	
Amount used (or contain	ed in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration		> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measure	s related to personal protect	tion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV				
Handle substance within a	predominantly closed system	provided with extract ventilation		
Other conditions affecting	g workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities are at a	ambient temperature (unless s	tated differently)		
17.2.7. Control of worker ex	posure: General exposures	(open systems) (PROC4)		
PROC4	Use in batch and other pro	ocess (synthesis) where opportunity for e	exposure arises	
Amount used (or contain	ed in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration		> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measure	s related to personal protec	tion, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV				
Provide a good standard o	f controlled ventilation (10 to 1	5 air changes per hour)		
Wear suitable gloves teste	d to EN374.			
Other conditions affecting	g workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities are at a	ambient temperature (unless s	tated differently)		
17.2.8. Control of worker ex	posure: General exposures	(open systems) (PROC4)		
PROC4	Use in batch and other pro	ocess (synthesis) where opportunity for e	exposure arises	
Amount used (or contain	ed in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration		> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measure	s related to personal protect	tion, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV				
Efficiency of at least:		90 %		
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)				
Restrict area of openings t				
Provide extract ventilation	to points where emissions occ	cur		
Other conditions affecting	g workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities reflect a				
	posure: Remanufacture of r			
PROC9	Transfer of substance or p	preparation into small containers (dedicat	ted filling line, including weighing)	
Amount used (or contain	ed in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration		<= 4 h/day	-	

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Conditions and measures related to personal pro-	ection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Without LEV		
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or ma	intenance	
Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending dispos	al or for subsequent recycle	
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		
Other conditions affecting workers exposure		
Indoor/Outdoor use.		
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unles	s stated differently)	
17.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Equipment clea	ning and maintenance (PROC8a)	
		/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency	and duration of use/exposure	
Exposure duration	<= 4 h/day	
Conditions and measures related to personal pro-	ection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Without LEV	, ,,,	<u> </u>
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or ma	intenance	
Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending dispos		
Deal with spills immediately		
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in	combination with 'basic' employee	
training.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the sk	in.	
, ,	III	
Other conditions affecting workers exposure		
Indoor/Outdoor use.		
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unles	s stated differently)	
17.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Storage (PROC	1, PROC2)	
	no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)	
PROC2 Use in closed, continuo	ous process with occasional controlled exp	osure (with sampling)
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency	and duration of use/exposure	
Exposure frequency	> 4 h/day	
Conditions and measures related to personal pro-	ection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Store substance within a closed system		
Avoid dip sampling.		
Other conditions affecting workers exposure		
Outdoor		
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unles	s stated differently)	
<u> </u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
17.3. Exposure estimation and reference t	o its source	
17.3.1. Environmental release and exposure Contrib	uting scenario controlling environment	al exposure (ERC7, ESVOC SPERC 7.13a.v1)
Information for contributing exposure scenario		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate w used to calculate environmental exposure with the Pe	etrorisk model.	
Release route	Release rate	Release estimation method
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.0001	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.000001	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.001	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions	0.09	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewate emissions	er 0.14	
17.2.2 Worker exposure Bulk transfers (DDOC1 DD)	200 PRO00)	

### 17.3.2. Worker exposure Bulk transfers (PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

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### 17.3.3. Worker exposure Drum/batch transfers (PROC8b)

Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
	0.185	
		1 mg/m³ 0.185

## 17.3.4. Worker exposure Filling of articles/equipment (PROC9)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 17.3.5. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.926	
systemic effects			

#### 17.3.6. Worker exposure General exposures (closed systems) (PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.093	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.093	
systemic effects			

#### 17.3.7. Worker exposure General exposures (open systems) (PROC4)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 17.3.8. Worker exposure General exposures (open systems) (PROC4)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.463	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.463	

#### 17.3.9. Worker exposure Remanufacture of reject articles (PROC9)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 17.3.10. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.185	
systemic effects			

#### 17.3.11. Worker exposure Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.093	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.093	

#### 17.4. Guidance to Downstream User (DU) to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 17.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus,
	scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required
	removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.
	Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either

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alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

#### 17.4.2. Health

## Guidance - Health

#### **EXPOSURE SCENARIOS**

All exposure scenarios for this substance did not require a quantitative assessment of exposure, but only a qualitative one.

Considering the specific hazard properties (H304), the implementation of the relevant risk reduction measures ensures that the possibility of the event connected to the hazard of aspiration is negligible, and risk can be assumed as controlled.

#### Workers:

- Do not ingest
- Implement basic standard of occupation hygiene
- Avoid splashes and spills
- Avoid contact with contaminated objects and tools
- Management/supervision actions to check that the Risk Reduction Measures in place are being used correctly and Operating Conditions are followed.
- Training for staff on good practices
- Good standard of personal hygiene. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for carcinogenic effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. The risk phrase H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) refers to the possibility of inhalation, a risk not quantifiable determined by the physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that may 'occur during ingestion and Even in the case of vomiting after ingestion. A DNEL can not be derived. Risks from physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures must be taken to control the risk of inhalation. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented

#### 21. 21: Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils

#### 21.1. Title section

#### Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils

ES Ref.: 21
ES Type: Professional
Version: 2.0
Revision date: 17/05/2018

Company ES code: ENI Association ref code: CONC.14.FU.7 Date of issue: 23/10/2018

Environment		
Gen21	General measures applicable to all activities	ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SPERC 8.7c.v1
Worker		
CS15	General exposures (closed systems)	PROC1, PROC2
CS15	General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collection	PROC3
CS14	Bulk transfers	PROC8b
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC8b
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC9
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC8a
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC5
CS2	Process sampling	PROC8b
CS79	Metal machining operations	PROC17
CS34	Roller application or brushing	PROC10
CS34	Roller application or brushing	PROC10
CS10	Spraying	PROC11
CS10	Semi-automated metal rolling/forming	PROC11
CS35	Treatment by dipping and pouring	PROC13
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8a
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8b
CS67	Storage	PROC1, PROC2

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils within closed or contained systems including
	incidental exposures during transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities,

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	cutting/machining activities, automated application of corrosion protections, equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.  Professional use
Assessment method	See Section 3.

## 21.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 21.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: General measures applicable to all activities (ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SPERC 8.7c.v1)

ERC8a	Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems
ERC8d	Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems
ESVOC SPERC 8.7c.v1	Use in Metal working fluids / rolling oils: Professional (SU22) - high environmental release
Assessment method	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated A quantitative exposure assessment (RCR) was performed for the potential formation of aerosols for all scenarios. The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	liquid, with potential for aerosol generation
Concentration of substance in product	100 %
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 hPa

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	750
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0.0005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	0.38
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of:	Not applicable
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal	>= 68.4 %
efficiency:	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of:	>= 0 %
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment:	86.5 %
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs:	86.5 %
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal:	2.4 kg/day
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow:	2000 m³/d

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national	
regulations.	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	

### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100

#### 21.2.2. Control of worker exposure: General exposures (closed systems) (PROC1, PROC2)

PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (with sampling)

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and the second process
Exposure duration	≈ 8 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV		

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Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.3. Control of worker exposure: General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collec	1.2.3. Control of worker exposure: General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collection (PROC3)			
PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (with sample				
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration ≈ 8 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  Without LEV				
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Bulk transfers (PROC8b)				
PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	o vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration <= 4 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling				
Transfer via enclosed lines				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Outdoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained	ers. (PROC8b)			
PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	o vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration <= 1 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Personal protective equipment (PPE)				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
	(PROCO)			
21.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contained PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated)				
	ed lilling line, including weighing)			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Covers exposure up to (hours/event): > 4 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)				
Carefully pour from containers.				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Personal protective equipment (PPE)				

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Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contai	ners. (PROC8a)			
PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from facilities	to vessels/large containers at non dedicated			
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration < 1 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour				
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)				
Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container				
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee				
training.				
Personal protective equipment (PPE)				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contai	nore (PROC5)			
PROC5  Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparation contact)				
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration < 1 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour				
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)				
Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container				
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Process sampling (PROC8b)				
	/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities			
PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities				
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Exposure duration <= 1 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
Without LEV				
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)				
Carefully pour from containers.				
Avoid dip sampling.				
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.				
Other conditions affecting workers exposure				
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)				
21.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Metal machining operations (PROC17)				
PROC17 Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process				
Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure				
Covers exposure up to (hours/event): < 4 h/day				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				
With LEV				
Efficiency of at least:	90 %			
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)				

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Avoid carrying out activities in	volving exposure for more	than 4 hours		
Limit the substance content in				
Wear chemically resistant glo	ves (tested to EN374) in co	mbination with 'basic' employee		
training.	V			
Ensure operatives are trained	Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures			
Other conditions affecting v	workers exposure			
Indoor				
Assumes activities are at amb	pient temperature (unless st	ated differently)		
21.2.11. Control of worker expe	osure: Roller application	or brushing (PROC10)		
PROC10	Roller application or brush	ing		
Amount used (or contained	in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Covers exposure up to (hours		> 4 h/day		
	<u> </u>	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV	ciated to personal protect	ion, mygiene and nearth evaluation		
	eneral ventilation (not less t	han 3 to 5 air changes per hour)		
Provide extract ventilation to p				
Wear suitable gloves tested to		<u></u>		
Other conditions affecting v	voi kers exposure			
Assumes activities are at amb	nient temperature (unless of	ated differently)		
	' '	•		
21.2.12. Control of worker exp				
PROC10	Roller application or brush	ing		
Amount used (or contained		d duration of use/exposure		
Covers exposure up to (hours	s/event):	> 4 h/day		
Conditions and measures re	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV				
Provide a good standard of ge	eneral ventilation (not less t	han 3 to 5 air changes per hour)		
Provide extract ventilation to p				
	ves (tested to EN374) in co	mbination with specific activity		
training.  Personal protective equipmen	nt (PPE)			
	Other conditions affecting workers exposure			
Indoor	vorkers exposure			
Assumes activities are at amb	nient temperature (unless st	ated differently)		
	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
21.2.13. Control of worker exp		)		
PROC11	Non industrial spraying			
Amount used (or contained	in articles), frequency an	d duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration		<= 1 h/day		
Conditions and measures re	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
With LEV				
Avoid carrying out activities in	volving exposure for more	than 1 hour		
Provide a good standard of ge	eneral ventilation (not less t	han 3 to 5 air changes per hour)		
Carry out in a vented booth or	r extracted enclosure			
Wear suitable gloves (tested t	to EN374), coverall and eye	protection.		
Segregate the activity away fr	om other operations			
Other conditions affecting v	workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.				
Assumes activities are at amb	pient temperature (unless st	ated differently)		
21.2.14. Control of worker expe	osure: Semi-automated m	etal rolling/forming (PROC11)		
PROC11	Non industrial spraying			
Amount used (or contained	Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Exposure duration		> 4 h/day		
	elated to personal protect	ion, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV	biated to personal protect	ion, nygiene and nealth evaluation		
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Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin

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	neral ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, wi	indows etc.
	ir is supplied or removed by a powered fan. es (tested to EN374) in combination with intensive m	management
supervision controls.	,	nanagomoni.
Wear suitable coveralls to prev		
, ,	olving exposure for more than 4 hours	
Segregate the activity away from	•	
Wear a respirator conforming to	o EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better	
Other conditions affecting w	orkers exposure	
Indoor/Outdoor use.		
Assumes activities are at ambi	ent temperature (unless stated differently)	
21.2.15. Control of worker expo	sure: Treatment by dipping and pouring (PROC1	13)
PROC13	Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
Amount used (or contained i	n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposu	ure
Covers daily exposures up to 8	B hours (unless stated	
differently)		
Conditions and measures re	lated to personal protection, hygiene and health	evaluation
With LEV		
	nclosure of the operation or equipment and provide	extract
ventilation at openings  Allow time for product to drain	from workpiece	
Wear suitable gloves tested to		
Avoid manual contact with wet		
	<u>'</u>	
Other conditions affecting w	orkers exposure	
Indoor	ant tamparatura (unless atotad differently)	
Assumes activities are at ambi	ent temperature (unless stated differently)	
	sure: Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PRO	•
PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch	narging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained i	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposu	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
Amount used (or contained i  Covers exposure up to (hours/	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
Amount used (or contained i Covers exposure up to (hours/ Conditions and measures re	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposu	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
Amount used (or contained i Covers exposure up to (hours/ Conditions and measures rei Without LEV	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event): <pre>&lt;= 1 h/day</pre> lated to personal protection, hygiene and health	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained i Covers exposure up to (hours/ Conditions and measures re Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health assumed to equate to same as LEV	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained i Covers exposure up to (hours/c Conditions and measures re Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air a Drain down system prior to equ	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health eassumed to equate to same as LEV  uipment break-in or maintenance	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched)  Conditions and measures researched  Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air as Drain down system prior to equilibrium prior equilibrium p	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health assumed to equate to same as LEV	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/lead in Conditions and measures reference)  Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent downs in sealed seal with spills immediately	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health of the sassumed to equate to same as LEV suipment break-in or maintenance etorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/lead in Conditions and measures reference)  Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent downs in sealed seal with spills immediately	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health eassumed to equate to same as LEV  uipment break-in or maintenance	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/lead in Conditions and measures reference)  Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent deviation of the content of	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/nounce)  Conditions and measures resident without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent to the contained of the contained	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/expose event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health assumed to equate to same as LEV  uipment break-in or maintenance etorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle  es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' emprent exposure to the skin	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
PROC8a  Amount used (or contained if Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures reserved)  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent drain downs in sealed seconditions.  Deal with spills immediately Wear chemically resistant glow training.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/expose event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health assumed to equate to same as LEV  uipment break-in or maintenance etorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle  es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' emprent exposure to the skin	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/street)  Conditions and measures reside Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air at Drain down system prior to equivariant to downs in sealed seal with spills immediately  Wear chemically resistant glow training.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent of the conditions affecting we lindoor/Outdoor use.	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/expose event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health assumed to equate to same as LEV  uipment break-in or maintenance etorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle  es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' emprent exposure to the skin	harging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated sure  evaluation
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures reserved)  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equivalent to the contained of the c	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):  <= 1 h/day  lated to personal protection, hygiene and health of the discontinuous assumed to equate to same as LEV suipment break-in or maintenance extorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' emprent exposure to the skin orkers exposure  ent temperature (unless stated differently)	evaluation  ployee
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures research Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air as Drain down system prior to equivariant to east of the proof o	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount LEV) LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equent Retain drain downs in sealed so Deal with spills immediately. Wear chemically resistant glow training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent of the conditions affecting work and the conditions are at ambitions.	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event): <pre> &lt;= 1 h/day</pre> lated to personal protection, hygiene and health of the assumed to equate to same as LEV unipment break-in or maintenance etorage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' emprent exposure to the skin orkers exposure  ent temperature (unless stated differently)  sure: Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PRC Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disched)  Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disched)  Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disched)  **Transfer* of substance or preparation (charg	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  narging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  oure
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (bound))  Conditions and measures refered without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air and Drain down system prior to equent Retain drain downs in sealed so Deal with spills immediately Wear chemically resistant glow training.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent of the conditions affecting work undoor/Outdoor use.  Assumes activities are at ambitional process.	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  narging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  oure
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount/mo	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or conditions and measures refered)	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures research Without LEV LEV efficiency from forced air as Drain down system prior to equivariant to each of the proof o	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures research Without LEV  LEV efficiency from forced air as Drain down system prior to equivariant to the contained of the contain	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and measures researched in Covers exposure up to (hours/seconditions and hours/seconditions and hours/seconditions and hours/seconditions and hours/seconditions and hours/seconditio	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  ployee  OC8b)  marging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  provided the state of t
Amount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to (hours/mount used (or contained in Covers exposure up to	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/disch facilities  n articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure event):    <= 1 h/day	evaluation  OC8b)  narging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated  evaluation  OC8b)  narging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities  evaluation

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Other conditions affecting workers exposure		
Indoor/Outdoor use.		
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)		

#### 21.2.18. Control of worker exposure: Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (with sampling)

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Outdoor use.	
Store substance within a closed system	

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor	
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)	
Covers outdoor use.	

#### 21.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 21.3.1. Environmental release and exposure General measures applicable to all activities (ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SPERC 8.7c.v1)

#### Information for contributing exposure scenario

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated, The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

Release route	Release rate	Release estimation method
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements):	0.005	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.05	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.05	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions	0.18	
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewater emissions	0.43	

#### 21.3.2. Worker exposure General exposures (closed systems) (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.185	
systemic effects			

#### 21.3.3. Worker exposure General exposures (closed systems) + with sample collection (PROC3)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.185	
systemic effects			

#### 21.3.4. Worker exposure Bulk transfers (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 21.3.5. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

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#### 21.3.6. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC9)

Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
	0.926	
	•	5 mg/m³ 0.926

#### 21.3.7. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	

#### 21.3.8. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC5)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 21.3.9. Worker exposure Process sampling (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.926	
systemic effects			

#### 21.3.10. Worker exposure Metal machining operations (PROC17)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	4.5 mg/m³	0.833	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.833	

#### 21.3.11. Worker exposure Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 21.3.12. Worker exposure Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 21.3.13. Worker exposure Spraying (PROC11)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	4 mg/m³	0.741	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.741	
systemic effects			

#### 21.3.14. Worker exposure Semi-automated metal rolling/forming (PROC11)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	

#### 21.3.15. Worker exposure Treatment by dipping and pouring (PROC13)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.

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Sum RCR - Long-term -	0.926	
Can Kork Long tolli	0.020	
systemic effects		
Cyclonia chicolo		

#### 21.3.16. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	

#### 21.3.17. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8b)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 21.3.18. Worker exposure Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 21.4. Guidance to Downstream User (DU) to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 21.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC
	factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

#### 21.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health

The risk phrase H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) refers to the possibility of inhalation, a risk not quantifiable determined by the physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that may 'occur during ingestion and Even in the case of vomiting after ingestion. A DNEL can not be derived. Risks from physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures must be taken to control the risk of inhalation. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. EXPOSURE SCENARIOS

All exposure scenarios for this substance did not require a quantitative assessment of exposure, but only a qualitative one.

Considering the specific hazard properties (H304), the implementation of the relevant risk reduction measures ensures that the possibility of the event connected to the hazard of aspiration is negligible, and risk can be assumed as controlled.

#### Workers:

- Do not ingest
- Implement basic standard of occupation hygiene
- Avoid splashes and spills
- Avoid contact with contaminated objects and tools
- Management/supervision actions to check that the Risk Reduction Measures in place are being used correctly and Operating Conditions are followed.
- Training for staff on good practices
- Good standard of personal hygiene

## 32. 32: Use as Functional Fluids

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## 32.1. Title section

## **Use as Functional Fluids**

ES Ref.: 32 ES Type: Professional Version: 2.0 Revision date: 17/05/2018 Company ES code: ENI Association ref code: CONC.22.FU.23 Date of issue: 23/10/2018

Environment		
Gen32	Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure	ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SPERC 9.13b.v1
Worker		
CS8	Drum/batch transfers	PROC8a
CS22	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC9
CS45	Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	PROC9
CS26	Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar	PROC1, PROC2, PROC3
CS26	Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar	PROC20
CS26	Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar	PROC20
CS19	Remanufacture of reject articles	PROC9
CS39	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8a
CS67	Storage	PROC1, PROC2

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Processes, tasks, activities covered	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in closed professional equipment including incidental exposures during maintenance and related material transfers.  Professional use
Assessment method	See Section 3.

### 32.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 32.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure (ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SPERC 9.13b.v1)

ERC9a	Wide dispersive indoor use of substances in closed systems
ERC9b	Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems
ESVOC SPERC 9.13b.v1	Use as Functional Fluids: Professional (SU22)
Assessment method	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated A quantitative exposure assessment (RCR) was performed for the potential formation of aerosols for all scenarios. The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	liquid
Concentration of substance in product	>= 100 %
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 hPa

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

	·
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	7.5
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0.00005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	0.0038
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	0.01
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Continuous release.	

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of:	Not applicable
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency:	16.3 %
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of:	0 %
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment:	86.5
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after	86.5
onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs:	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on	0.064 kg/day
release following total wastewater treatment removal:	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow:	2000 m³/d

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	

#### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100

#### 32.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Drum/batch transfers (PROC8a)

PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated		
	facilities		

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		d duration of dse/exposure
	Exposure duration	<= 4 h/day

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	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV			
Use drum pumps			
Avoid spillage when withdraw	ving pump		
	oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee		
training.  Provide a good standard of c	ontrolled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)		
Other conditions affecting			
Indoor/Outdoor use.	mornore expectant		
	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
		(BD000)	
	osure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contain		
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedica	ted filling line, including weighing)	
*	I in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration	<= 4 h/day		
Conditions and measures r	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV			
Wear suitable gloves tested t	o EN374.		
Avoid spillage when withdraw	ving pump		
Use drum pumps or carefully			
Other conditions affecting	workers exposure		
Indoor/Outdoor use.			
Assumes activities are at am	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
32.2.4. Control of worker expo	osure: Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or contain	ers. (PROC9)	
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedica		
Amount used (or contained	I in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	\$ \$ \$.	
Exposure duration	<= 4 h/day		
·	·		
Without LEV	elated to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	1	
	and the second state of		
Use drum pumps or carefully	•		
Avoid spillage when withdraw	9		
	ontrolled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)		
Wear suitable gloves tested t			
Other conditions affecting	workers exposure		
Indoor/Outdoor use.			
Assumes activities are at am above ambient temperature)	bient temperature or carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C		
32.2.5. Control of worker expo	sure: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and simil	ar (PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)		
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled expo	sure (with sampling)	
PROC3	Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (with samp	ling)	
Amount used (or contained	Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration			
Conditions and measures r	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Without LEV			
No other specific measures id	dentified		
Other conditions affecting workers exposure			
Indoor/Outdoor use.			
Assumes activities are at am	bient temperature (unless stated differently)		
32.2.6. Control of worker expo	osure: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and simil	ar (PROC20)	
PROC20	Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive use but closed syst		
Amount used (or contained	l in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Exposure duration	> 4 h/day		
·	related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Jonaino ana measures i	15 percental protection, mygrenic and median evaluation		
Without LEV			

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PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (no sampling)
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (with sampling)

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Exposure frequency > 4 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Store substance within a closed system Ensure dedicated sample points are provided Avoid dip sampling.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor

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emissions

## Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

## 32.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 32.3.1. Environmental release and exposure Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure (ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SPERC 9.13b.v1)

Information for contributing exposure scenario			
The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.			
Release route Release rate Release estimation method			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.05		
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.025		
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.025		
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions	0.0038		
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewater	0.14		

#### 32.3.2. Worker exposure Drum/batch transfers (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.37	
systemic effects			

#### 32.3.3. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC9)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 32.3.4. Worker exposure Filling / preparation of equipment from drums or containers. (PROC9)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

#### 32.3.5. Worker exposure Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar (PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 32.3.6. Worker exposure Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar (PROC20)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

#### 32.3.7. Worker exposure Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar (PROC20)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term -		0.926	
systemic effects			

#### 32.3.8. Worker exposure Remanufacture of reject articles (PROC9)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	5 mg/m³	0.926	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.926	

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#### 32.3.9. Worker exposure Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	2 mg/m³	0.37	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.37	

#### 32.3.10. Worker exposure Storage (PROC1, PROC2)

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	RCR	Method
Inhalation - Long-term - systemic effects	1 mg/m³	0.185	Used ECETOC TRA model.
Sum RCR - Long-term - systemic effects		0.185	

## 32.4. Guidance to Downstream User (DU) to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 32.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC for the set (http://offic.org/sp/rose) for industries libraries http://
	factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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2.4.2. Health	
Guidance - Health	EXPOSURE SCENARIOS
	All exposure scenarios for this substance did not require a quantitative assessment of exposure, but only a qualitative one.
	Considering the specific hazard properties (H304), the implementation of the relevant risk reduction measures ensures that the possibility of the event connected to the hazard of aspiration is negligible, and risk can be assumed as controlled.
	Workers: - Do not ingest - Implement basic standard of occupation hygiene - Avoid splashes and spills - Avoid contact with contaminated objects and tools
	<ul> <li>- Management/supervision actions to check that the Risk Reduction Measures in place are being used correctly and Operating Conditions are followed.</li> <li>- Training for staff on good practices</li> </ul>
	- Good standard of personal hygiene. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for carcinogenic effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. The risk phrase H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) refers to the possibility of inhalation, a risk not quantifiable determined by the physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that may 'occur during

implemented

ingestion and Even in the case of vomiting after ingestion. A DNEL can not be derived. Risks from physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures must be taken to control the risk of inhalation. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are

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